George Meredith's whaling and sealing operations on the east coast of Tasmania, 1824-1834

Hobart Whaling Conference 6 May, 2019

Malcolm Ward

George Meredith (1778-1856)

... the "King of Great Swan Port", was an infinitely proud, domineering, quarrelsome man. Testy and unforgiving, he was easily moved to querulous resentment, and given to pin-pricking revenge. Obstinate and implacable in opposition, he frayed the government's nerves and temper for more than a decade.

He, inordinately land- and power hungry ... "

(Levy, p. 170)

George Meredith by Thomas Bock, at the East Coast Heritage Museum



George Meredith – early life

- He was born in Birmingham in 1778, the youngest son of a successful lawyer
- In his early teens, he lived at Castle Bromwich Hall, a Jacobean mansion that his father leased
- Family legend stated that the Merediths were descended from the Kings of south Wales



Castle Bromwich Hall

George Meredith – Marines

- His older brothers became lawyers, but after his father died, George was packed off to the Marines in 1796, aged 18
- On 7 May 1797, he went on board HMS Hind (a sixth rate) at Spithead, Portsmouth, as Second Lieutenant, commander of the 20 Marines on board



HMS Carysfort, same design as HMS Hind (from a print by Thomas Whitcombe)

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- On 7 May 1797, he went on board HMS Hind (a sixth rate) at Spithead,
 Portsmouth, as Second Lieutenant,
 commander of the 20 Marines on board
- On the 8th May, the ships company mutinied as part of the general mutiny of the Channel Fleet, against bad pay and conditions



The red flag of mutiny. Source: https://www.scrimshawgallery.com/product/mutiny/

George Meredith – Marines

- The mutiny at Spithead ended peacefully when the Admiralty conceded all the demands and pardoned the mutineers
- Hind then cruised to Nova Scotia, around the Caribbean and to Egypt during the Napoleonic wars;
- Captured some enemy privateers, but no action
- Last voyage was to Alexandria where he liberated the *Cap of Liberty,* a symbol of prior French occupation of Egypt
- He retired, then returned to service in 1804, then on blockade duty

George Meredith – post Marines

- Meredith retired from the Marines in 1805 and married Sarah Hicks of Berkshire and went farming there and later at *Rhyndaston*, Wales
- He sold that farm in 1819 and prepared to emigrate to Van Diemen's Land
- He chartered the *Emerald*, along with Joseph Archer (Archer dynasty) and arrived in Hobart Town with his family in March 1821
- Meredith obtained a 2,000 acre Location Order from Governor Sorell and in April took a small boat to Great Swan Port to explore. He decided on a location at today's Meredith River north of Swansea – he wanted a direct sea route for his produce and no neighbours



George Meredith's Estate by the late 1820s

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George Meredith – early VDL

- Meredith quickly became embroiled in several legal disputes, the majority of which he lost, and one, against Edward Lord, was expensive
- He was away from his farm for long periods on various matters, so its development lagged
- He needed a source of cash to 'stay afloat'
- Duties on colonial-caught whale oil received in England were cut in 1824, making it much more attractive to the locals
- Whaling and sealing were an obvious diversification choice for Meredith

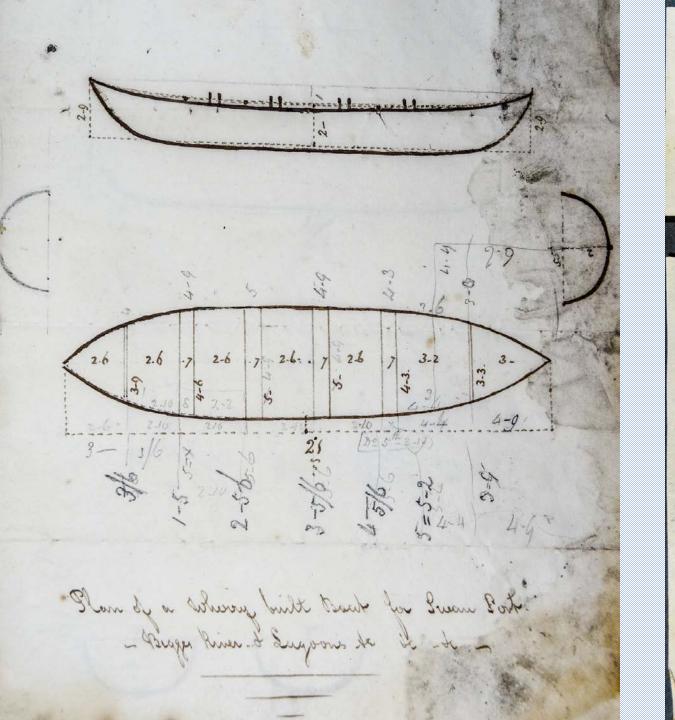
Whaling and sealing on the east coast

- Whales were observed in abundance down the east coast of VDL since the first voyages there. Bunker took whales there in 1803
- The presence of seals noted also very early for example at Isle des Phoques / Seal Island or 'White Rock'. Kelly took seals there about the same time
- A whale was killed in Great Oyster Bay in June 1822 by 'Captain Greydon' and oil was rendered from it
- The *Thalia* (Richard Hazzard) was whaling there in May 1824, calling in en route to America. Did Meredith meet him, either there or in Hobart Town?

- Meredith's time in the Marines and in North Atlantic waters made him not only a 'natural' afloat but also attuned to the economic value of whales and seals
- The earliest recording of his interest in whaling was in May 1824 when a Mr Bishop was building a whaling boat the *Mary* for him
- September 1824 agreement between Meredith and Sharpe, Baker & Wishart Meredith supplied the *Experiment, Mary* and *Vixen* for them to go sealing in Bass Strait. Meredith would take 1/3 of the seal skins, swan skins and 'feathers'. Similar agreement made with Baker in 1825
- Sometime in 1824, he composed his whaling 'shopping list'

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1824 sealing agreement

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UTAS RS G4/9 GM to his wife 21 April 1825

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As to the whale fishery, I have engaged Sherbold as headsman & several others to complete the party & I do confess I am rather sanguine as to the result this season. Sharpe has been in a constant state of intoxication since his arrival & has caused me much annoyance without affording the least assistance. Townsend, Purkins & Dutton go over with the boat & with Sharpe will be duly employed in bringing over shells from the Shootens & land them so as to be most convenient for burning & carting away

... If they are prevented from going out any day they may dig out and level the blubber hole but you may allow them 10 lb instead of 9 lb flour & the same of meat with greens, turnips etc once a day ...

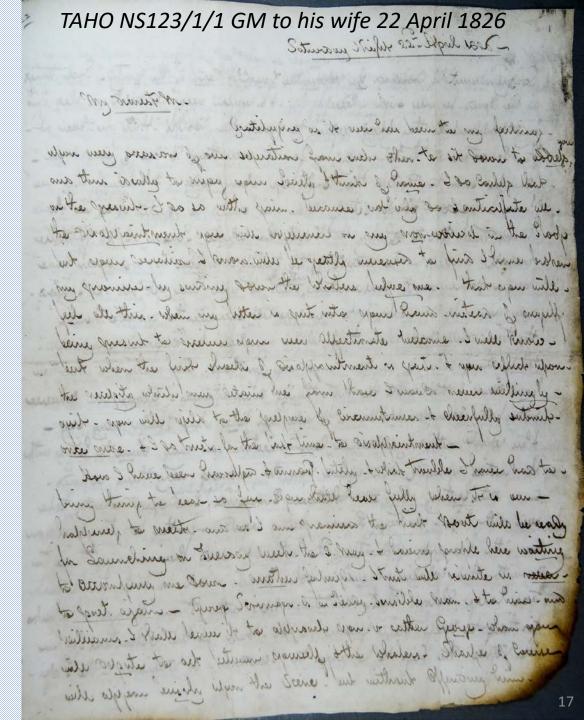
... The new whale boat must be hauled up and covered over with bushes.

... the next boat will be ready for launching next Tuesday week the 2nd May ... George Scrivenger is a sensible and steady man ...

... Scrivenger must be considered the responsible person & head of the party. Such things as are issued – he will sign a receipt for & a regular account kept as also of any implements they may require to erect the works. Huts etc over at the Schootens. Thatch may be found over there ...

... I believe that we have a good & civil set of men as could be expected & as we shall man three boats & have the vessel the whole season. I do promise myself success ...

... the slops may be issued to such of the men as require them. Big jackets, trousers, red & blue shirts & caps and also tobacco. The striped shirts are for our own people ...

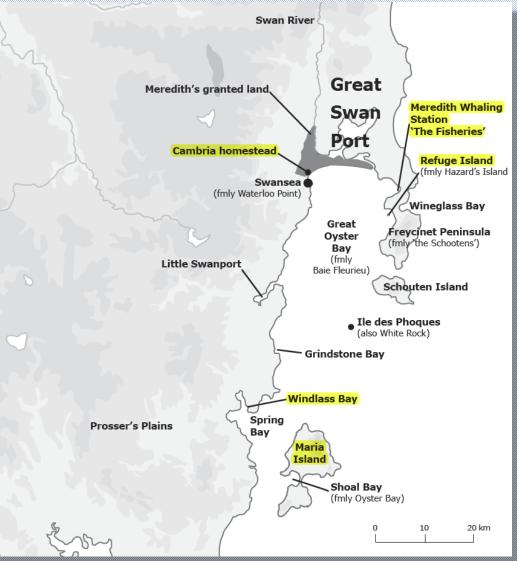


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- Meredith became one of the four significant shore-based whalers up to 1830, the others being Walter Bethune, Kemp and company and Thomas Lucas (Nash, *Bay Whalers*)
- As with his land, he tried to monopolise the fishery at Great Oyster Bay. When William Maycock started whaling there in 1828, Meredith complained. Hazard/Refuge Island was partitioned between them
- In 1828 he had the 40 ton *Black Swan* built from Huon pine. It was wrecked off Flinders Island in 1830
- All through Meredith's time whaling, the supply of casks seemed to be a recurring issue

- Meredith kept expanding his whale fishery into the 1830s, with bases at:
 - Maria Island, leased for a year in 1833 for £11 and run by his sons George and Charles
 - Windlass Bay (Spring Bay)
 - the 'Schootens' ('The Fisheries')
 - Refuge Island (Great Oyster Bay)



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- January 1827 Meredith sent 99 casks of oil and a ton of whale bone to Hobart
- 1832 60 tuns of oil shipped from Oyster Bay, value £900
- November 1832 shipped 174 casks of oil and 140 bundles of bone to London
- 1833 90 tuns of oil produced by Meredith

- Records of Meredith's participation in the whaling industry stop at 1834, although he was probably still sealing after that
- Why leave the industry?
 - By 1834 his two oldest sons had left for their own pursuits
 - Increasing competition from others, who could afford larger boats and crews
 - His farming at last was more profitable and he began building his grand homestead, *Cambria*
 - Note that in 1842, Meredith applied for a grant of 20 acres at 'the Fisheries' and this was granted to his son Charles

George Meredith – his vessels (incomplete)

- Vixen, 'small vessel', in service 1824
- *Experiment,* in service 1824
- Mary, in service 1824 'new whale boat'; traded or lost by crew 1824
- Cygnet, built 1824, possibly lost 1827
- Comet, in service 1825
- Black Swan, 40 tons built Great Swan Port 1828, registered in Hobart by GM. Lost off Flinders Island January 1830 (Broxall p. 17)
- Independent, 33 tons built Great Swan Port 1832 registered in Hobart by Charles Meredith (Broxall p. 261), sold 1844